OHIOFARM REPORT

Volume No. 05 Issue No. 12 Released: June 27, 2005



Ohio Agricultural Statistics Service P.O. Box 686 Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068-0686 (614) 728-2100 FAX(614)728-2206 James Ramey, Director

FEATURING: Hogs & Pigs Egg Production Milk Production Lvstk Slaughter Cold Storage

OHIO HOG INVENTORY UP 9 PERCENT. U.S. HOG INVENTORY UP SLIGHTLY

Ohio hog producers had 1,600,000 hogs on hand June 1, 2005, up 9 percent from last year and 5 percent from last quarter. The number of market hogs, at 1,440,000 head, was up 10 percent from last year and 6 percent from last quarter. Breeding stock, at 160,000 head, rose 3 percent from last year and remained the same from last quarter. The pig crop during the March-May 2005 quarter numbered 693,000 head, up 7 percent from last year but down 1 percent from last quarter. The number of sows farrowed divising the March May 2005 greater at 177,000 head. during the March-May 2005 quarter, at 77,000 head, was up 4,000 head from last year, but down 1,000 head from last quarter. Pigs saved per litter averaged 9.0, up 1 percent for the same period last year and unchanged from last quarter.

Ohio producers intend to farrow 80,000 sows during the June-August 2005 quarter, up 5,000 head from last year and up 1,000 head from last quarter. Farrowing intentions for the Fall quarter, September-November 2005, is 76,000 sows, down 1 percent from last year but up 3 percent for the same quarter of 2003.

U.S. inventory of all hogs and pigs on June 1, 2005 was 60.8 million head. This was up slightly from June 1, 2004, and up 2 percent from March 1, 2005. Breeding inventory, at 5.98 million

head, was up 1 percent from both June 1, 2004 and last guarter. Market hog inventory, at 54.8 million head, was up slightly from last year, and up 2 percent from last quarter. The March - May 2005 U.S. pig crop, at 25.9 million head, was up 1 percent from both 2004 and 2003. Sows farrowing during this period totaled 2.87 million head, unchanged from last year. The sows farrowed during this quarter represented 48 percent of the breeding herd. The average pigs saved per litter was 9.02 for the March - May 2005 period, compared to 8.93 last year. Pigs saved per litter by size of operation ranged from 7.50 for operations with 1-99 hogs to 9.10 for operations with more than 5,000 hogs and pigs.

U.S. hog producers intend to have 2.90 million sows farrow during the June-August 2005 quarter, virtually unchanged from the actual farrowings during the same period in 2004, but down one-half of one percent from 2003. Intended farrowings for September-November 2005, at 2.88 million sows, are unchanged from the same period in 2004, but up 1 percent from 2003. The total number of hogs under contract, owned by operations with over 5,000 head, but raised by contractees, accounted for 40 percent of the total U.S. hog inventory, up from 38 percent last

HOG AND PIG INVENTORY-ILINE 1 2004 AND 2005

Selected	Hogs and pigs	Hogs and pigs for breeding		gs for market	All hogs and pigs		
States	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	
			Thous	and Head			
Illinois	420	430	3,530	3,670	3,950	4,100	
Indiana	290	300	2,860	2,800	3,150	3,100	
Iowa	1,060	1,070	15,040	15,230	16,100	16,300	
N. Carolina	1,010	1,020	9,190	8,880	10,200	9,900	
Ohio	155	160	1,315	1,440	1,470	1,600	
United States	5,937	5,977	54,760	54,834	60,698	60,812	

MARKET HOGS - JUNE 1. 2004 AND 2005 Under 60 lbs 60-119 lbs 120-179 lbs 180 lbs. and over Selected States 2004 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 2004 2005 Thousand Head Illinois 1,330 1,340 870 900 750 770 580 660 Indiana 1,040 1,020 700 600 570 510 660 560 Iowa 4,540 4,550 4,300 4,230 3,350 3,550 2,850 2.900 3,690 3,540 1,800 1,740 1,500 N. Carolina 2,200 2,140 1,460 535 580 340 290 320 180 200 Ohio 310 20,292 13,500 13,456 9,714 9,813 **United States** 11,256 11,343

	SO	WS FARROW	ING AND PIG	CROP - SELF	CTED STATE	S		
		December 1/	-February			Mar	ch-May	
Selected	Sows far	rowing	Pig	Pig crop ^{2/}		rrowing	Pig crop ^{3/}	
States	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005
				Thousand	Head			
Illinois	205	210	1,814	1,869	215	210	1,914	1,880
Indiana	145	135	1,283	1,188	135	135	1,202	1,195
Iowa	410	445	3,567	3,961	430	440	3,763	3,982
N. Carolina	550	540	4,923	4,779	550	550	5,005	4,895
Ohio	74	78	651	702	73	77	650	693
United States	2,836	2,851	25,105	25,489	2,870	2,870	25,633	25,884

^{1/} December of the preceding year. ^{2/}Number of pigs born December-February on hand March 1 or had been sold. ^{3/}Number of pigs born March-May on hand June 1 or had been sold

		FARROWING IN	<u> NTENTIONS - SELECT</u>	ED STATES				
Selected		June-August Sows		Sep	September-November Sows			
States	2004 1/	2005 2/	05/04	2004 1/	$2005^{-2/}$	05/04		
	Thou	sand Head	Percent	Thousand Head		Percent		
Illinois	210	210	100	210	210	100		
Indiana	140	140	100	135	145	107		
Iowa	440	450	102	460	450	98		
N. Carolina	560	550	98	550	540	98		
Ohio	75	80	107	77	76	99		
United States	2.905	2.902	100	2.888	2.880	100		

¹/ Actual number of sows farrowed. 2/ Intentions to farrow.

OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during May, 2005, totaled 642 million eggs, 3 percent above last month and 3 percent above the 623 million eggs produced in May, 2004. During May, there were 28.0 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during the month was 2,292 eggs per 100 layers, or 73.9 percent. There were 3.5 percent of the layers in Ohio being force molted on June 1, 2005. In Ohio, 20.0 percent of the layers have completed a forced molt compared with 26.0 percent a year ago. In all major egg-producing states on June 1, 2005, 4.2 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 22.8 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.56 billion during May 2005, up one percent from last year. Production included 6.43 billion table eggs, and 1.13 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.07 billion were broiler-type and 65 million were egg-type. The total number of layers during May 2005 averaged 342 million, down slightly from a year earlier. May egg production per 100 layers was 2,210 eggs, up one percent from May 2004.

All layers in the U.S. on June 1, 2005, totaled 342 million, down one percent from a year ago. The 342 million layers consisted of 282 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 56.8

million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 2.70 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on June 1, 2005, averaged 71.3 eggs per 100 layers, up 1 percent from a year ago.

Egg-type chicks hatched during May 2005 totaled 37.4 million, down 2 percent from May 2004. Eggs in incubators totaled 33.2 million on June 1, 2005, down 4 percent from a year ago.

The May 2005 hatch of broiler-type chicks, at 823 million, was up 2 percent from May 2004. Eggs in incubators totaled 667 million on June 1, 2005, up 1 percent from a year earlier.

Turkey eggs in incubators on June 1, 2005, in the United States totaled 30.2 million, 1 percent above June 1 a year ago. Eggs in incubators were 3 percent above the May 1, 2005 total of 29.3 million eggs. Regional changes from the previous year were: East North Central up 7 percent, West North Central up 2 percent, North and South Atlantic up 2 percent, South Central down 8 percent, and West down 10 percent.

MAY EGG PRODUCTION

		Layers on hand		Total production						
	during	during month		during month 100 layers		N	Monthly	Accumulated 1/		
· .	2004	2005 20		2004 2005		2004	2005			
	Tho	Thousands			Million	n				
Ohio	28,327	28,010	2,292	623	642	3,637	3,741			
U.S.	342,786	342,190	2,210	7,513	7,563	44,259	44,938			

¹/Accumulation period began December of previous year.

CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

		Egg-Type eggs			roiler-type eggs		Turkeys eggs 1/		
	2004	2005	05/04	2004	2005	05/04	2004	2005	05/04
	Thou	Thousands Percent		Thousands		Percent	Thous	sands	Percent
May	38,347	37,449	98	810,484	823,406	102	23,692	23,714	100
Jan-May	180,436	189,408	105	3,879,433	3,956,268	102	209,304	200,349	96

¹/Accumulation period for turkeys begins September 1.

EGGS IN INCUBATORS - JUNE 1, 2005

	Egg-Type eggs			F	Broiler-type eggs		Turkeys eggs		
	2004 2005 05/04			2004	2004 2005 05/04		2004	2005	05/04
	Thousands Perce		Percent	Thou	sands	Percent	Thou	sands	Percent
E. North Central	7,510	6,686	89	8,342 8,872		106	4,526	4,841	107
United States	34,678	33,179	96	661,255	667,473	101	29,910	30,160	101

¹/Not available by States.

OHIO MAY MILK PRODUCTION

The total milk production in Ohio during May 2005 was 424 million pounds, 19 million pounds more than a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during May 2005 was 270 thousand, 7 thousand head more than the previous year. The yield per cow, at 1,570 pounds, is 2 percent above last year.

Milk production in the 23 major States during May totaled 14.2

billion pounds, up 4.4 percent from May 2004. April revised production, at 13.6 billion pounds, was up 3.4 percent from April 2004. Production per cow in the 23 major States averaged 1,754 pounds for May 2005, 62 pounds above May 2004. The number of cows on farms in the 23 major States was 8.12 million head, 54,000 head more than May 2004, and 9,000 head more than April 2005.

	APRIL MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS										
Item		Ohio		United States							
Item	2004	2005	05/04	2004	2004 2005 05/04						
	1,000	Gallons	Percent	1,000 (Gallons	Percent					
Ice Cream	2,330 2,154 92 76,836 77,691 1										

		MAY	MILK CO	WS AND	MILK PR	ODUCTION	ON			
	Milk	cows on far	ms 1/	Milk per cow 2/			Milk production 2/			
State	May 2004	Apr. 2005	May 2005	May 2004	Apr. 2005	May 2005	May 2004	Apr. 2005	May 2005	05/04
		Thousands			Pound		Million Pounds			Percent
California	1,720	1,751	1,754	1,830	1,820	1,875	3,148	3,187	3,289	105
Ohio	263	269	270	1,540	1,500	1,570	405	404	424	105
Wisconsin	1,242	1,233	1,233	1,560	1,535	1,615	1,938	1,893	1,991	103
20 State Total	8,064	8,109	8,118	1,692	1,683	1,754	13,641	13,647	14,240	104

^{1/} Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. 2/ Excludes milk sucked by calves.

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during May 2005 totaled 23.0 million pounds, down 10 percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 8.5 million pounds, down 19 percent; calves, 1.8 million pounds, down 39 percent; hogs, 24.1 million pounds, down 5 percent; sheep & lambs, 77,000 pounds, down 32 percent. May 2005 contained 22 weekdays (including one holiday) and 4 Saturdays.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 3.71 billion pounds in May, up 3 percent from the 3.60 billion pounds produced in May 2004.

Beef production, at 2.07 billion pounds, was slightly above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.79 million head, down 2 percent from May 2004. The average live weight was up 20 pounds from the previous year, at 1,224 pounds.

Veal production totaled 13.2 million pounds, 4 percent below

May a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 58,500 head, down 10 percent from May 2004. The average live weight was 22 pounds above last year, at 376 pounds.

Pork production totaled 1.61 billion pounds, up 7 percent from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 8.03 million head, 6 percent above May 2004. The average live weight was 4 pounds above the previous year, at 270 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 14.8 million pounds, was up 14 percent from May 2004. Sheep slaughter totaled 208,000 head, 10 percent above last year. The average live weight was 143 pounds, up 5 pounds from May a year ago.

January to May 2005 commercial red meat production was 18.3 billion pounds, down slightly from 2004. Accumulated beef production was down 2 percent from last year, veal was down 10 percent, pork was up 1 percent from last year, and lamb and mutton production was down 4 percent.

		MAY COMMERC	CIAL LIVESTOCE	SLAUGHTER				
		Ohio			United States			
Item	2004	2005	% of prev. yr.	2004	2005	% of prev. yr.		
			Number of	Head (000)				
Cattle	9.2	7.4	80	2,836.1	2,792.1	98		
Calves	7.5	4.4	59	64.7	58.5	90		
Hogs	94.6	88.4	93	7,578.6	8,030.2	106		
Sheep & Lambs	1.0	0.7	70	188.7	208.0	110		
•			Average live	weight (lbs.)				
Cattle	1,142	1,150	101	1,204	1,224	102		
Calves	381	398	104	354	376	106		
Hogs	268	273	102	266	270	102		
Sheep & Lambs	112	116	104	138	143	104		
•			Total live we	ight (000 lbs.)				
Cattle	10,472	8,518	81	3,415,402	3,416,695	100		
Calves	2,865	1,757	61	22,911	21,980	96		
Hogs	25,306	24,134	95	2,016,047	2,167,449	108		
Sheep & Lambs	114	77	68	26,098	29,639	114		

COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on May 31, 2005 were greater than year earlier levels for pork, vegetables, butter and cheese.

Butter stocks were up 14 percent from last month and up 5 percent from a year ago. Total red meat supplies in freezers were down 7 percent from last month, but up 2 percent from last year. Frozen pork supplies were down 9 percent from last month, but up 24 percent from the previous year. Stocks of pork bellies were

down 9 percent from last month, but up 97 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on May 31, 2005 were slightly above the previous month, but down 9 percent from a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down 4 percent from the previous month and down 1 percent from last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were up 6 percent from last month, but down 18 percent from May 31, 2004.

U.S. STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE MAY 31, 2005 WITH COMPARISONS May 31, 2005 as percent of Apr. 30, 2005 May 31, 2004 May 31, 2005 05/31/04 04/30/05 Commodity 1.000 Pounds Percent 178,744 164,500 188,220 105 Butter 114 101 Cheese, Total Natural 804,459 775,820 813,374 105 18,903 93 Eggs, Frozen 20,554 17,667 86 711,997 739,481 686,341 93 96 Fruits, Frozen 2,458,469 1,965,966 1,967,799 100 Fruit Juices, Frozen 80 Meats, Total Red 829,258 909,543 849,829 102 93 97 Beef, Total Frozen 402,823 329,496 318,798 79 563,762 Pork, Total Frozen 412,840 513,276 91 124 Poultry, Total Frozen 100 1,242,013 1,134,810 1,134,890 91 Chicken 99 669,846 691,406 664,339 96 Turkevs 470,099 82 106 571,124 443,105 Vegetables, Total Frozen 1,377,015 1,603,342 1,488,898 108 93 1,181,386 1,185,937 1,174,323 101 Potatoes, Total Frozen 100

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities from 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.

Address Service Correction

Ohio Agricultural Statistics Service P.O. Box 686 Reynoldsburg, Ohio 43068

PRSRT STD USDA USDA PERMIT NO. G-38